

## **DAFTAR PUSTAKA**

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<http://www.datasheet4u>

## Lampiran 1

### DAFTAR KOMPONEN

#### Resistor

R1	=	1,5 KΩ
R2, R3, R53	=	22 KΩ
R4, R5, R32, R33	=	1 KΩ
R6, R7, R61, R62, R74	=	20 KΩ
R8, R9	=	1 Ω
R10, R11, R12, R13, R19, R34, R35	=	47 KΩ
R14, R17, R20-R25, R47-R49, R55, R56	=	100 KΩ
R18, R57	=	330 KΩ
R26-R31, R66, R70	=	150 Ω
R36-R43, R67	=	8,06 KΩ
R44-R46	=	16 KΩ
R50, R51	=	5,6 KΩ
R52	=	2,4 KΩ
R53	=	8,2 KΩ
R58-R60, R63-R65, R71-R73	=	10 KΩ
R68	=	9,53 KΩ
R69	=	102 KΩ

## Lampiran 2

### Potensiometer

R75, RR80	=	100 KΩ
R76	=	10 KΩ
R77	=	50 KΩ
R78, R79	=	1 KΩ

### Semikonduktor

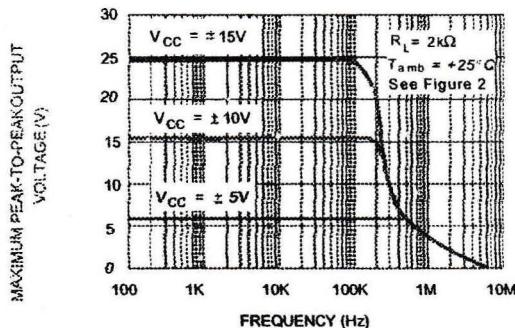
D1 – D2	=	IN5400 (3A)
IC1 – IC4	=	TL 084
IC5	=	MN 3008
IC6	=	MN 3101
IC7	=	LM 7812
IC8	=	MC 7912
IC9,IC10	=	LM 1875
LED1		

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** $V_{CC} = \pm 15V, T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$  (unless otherwise specified)

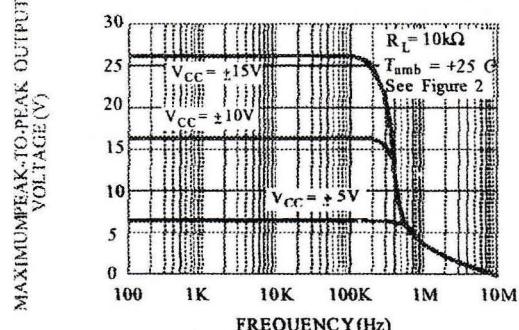
Symbol	Parameter	TL084I,M,AC,AI, AM,BC,BI,BM			TL084C			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
$V_{IO}$	Input Offset Voltage ( $R_S = 50\Omega$ ) $T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$		3 TL084 TL084A TL084B	10 3 6 1 3		3 TL084 TL084A TL084B	10 7 5	mV
$DV_{IO}$	Input Offset Voltage Drift		10			10		$\mu V/^\circ C$
$I_{IO}$	Input Offset Current *		5	100 4		5	100 4	pA nA
$I_{IB}$	Input Bias Current *		20	200 20		30	400 20	pA nA
$A_{vd}$	Large Signal Voltage Gain ( $R_L = 2k\Omega, V_O = \pm 10V$ ) $T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$	50 25	200		25 15	200		V/mV
SVR	Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio ( $R_S = 50\Omega$ ) $T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$	80 80	86		70 70	86		dB
$I_{CC}$	Supply Current, per Amp, no Load $T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$		1.4	2.5 2.5		1.4	2.5 2.5	mA
$V_{ICM}$	Input Common Mode Voltage Range	$\pm 11$	+15 -12		$\pm 11$	+15 -12		V
CMR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio ( $R_S = 50\Omega$ ) $T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$	80 80	86		70 70	86		dB
$I_{OS}$	Output Short-circuit Current $T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$	10 10	40	60 60	10 10	40	60 60	mA
$\pm V_{OPP}$	Output Voltage Swing $T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$ $R_L = 2k\Omega$ $R_L = 10k\Omega$ $T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max}$ $R_L = 2k\Omega$ $R_L = 10k\Omega$	10 12 10 12	12 13.5		10 12 10 12	12 13.5		V
SR	Slew Rate ( $V_{in} = 10V, R_L = 2k\Omega, C_L = 100pF, T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$ , unity gain)	8	16		8	16		$V/\mu s$
$t_r$	Rise Time ( $V_{in} = 20mV, R_L = 2k\Omega, C_L = 100pF, T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$ , unity gain)		0.1			0.1		$\mu s$
Kov	Overshoot ( $V_{in} = 20mV, R_L = 2k\Omega, C_L = 100pF, T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$ , unity gain)		10			10		%
GBP	Gain Bandwidth Product ( $f = 100kHz, T_{amb} = 25^\circ C, V_{in} = 10mV, R_L = 2k\Omega, C_L = 100pF$ )	2.5	4		2.5	4		MHz
$R_I$	Input Resistance		$10^{12}$			$10^{12}$		$\Omega$
THD	Total Harmonic Distortion ( $f = 1kHz, A_V = 20dB, R_L = 2k\Omega, C_L = 100pF, T_{amb} = 25^\circ C, V_O = 2V_{PP}$ )		0.01			0.01		%
$e_n$	Equivalent Input Noise Voltage ( $f = 1kHz, R_S = 100\Omega$ )		15			15		$\frac{nV}{\sqrt{Hz}}$
$\phi_m$	Phase Margin		45			45		Degrees
$V_{O1}/V_{O2}$	Channel Separation ( $A_V = 100$ )		120			120		dB

\* The input bias currents are junction leakage currents which approximately double for every  $10^\circ C$  increase in the junction temperature.

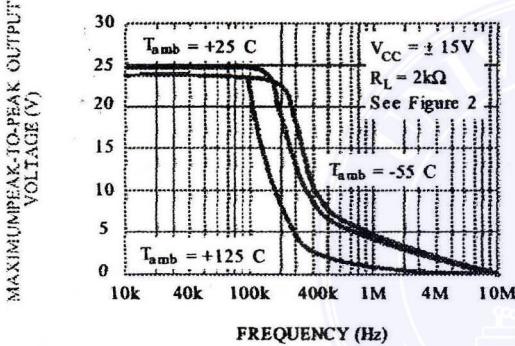
**MAXIMUM PEAK-TO-PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE VERSUS FREQUENCY**



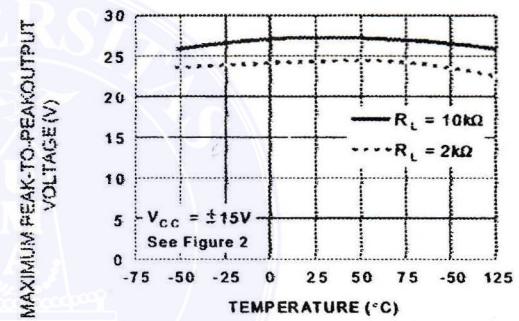
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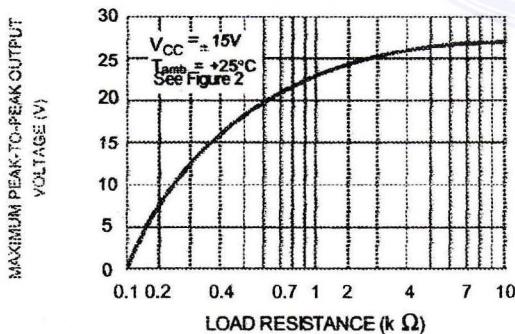
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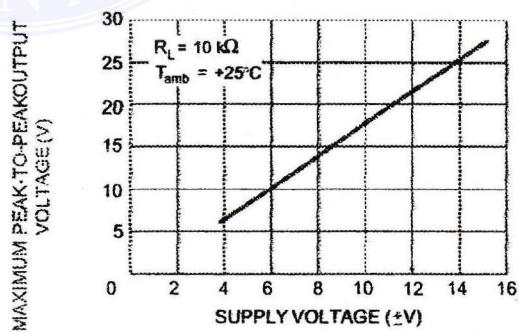
**MAXIMUM PEAK-TO-PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE VERSUS FREE AIR TEMP.**



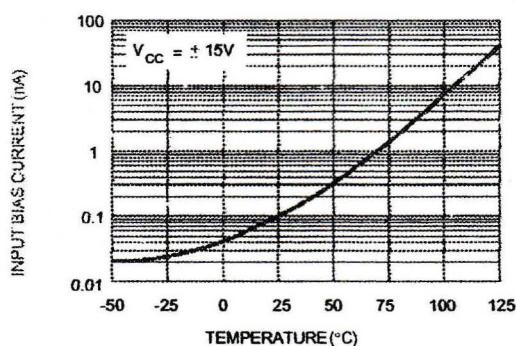
**MAXIMUM PEAK-TO-PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE VERSUS LOAD RESISTANCE**



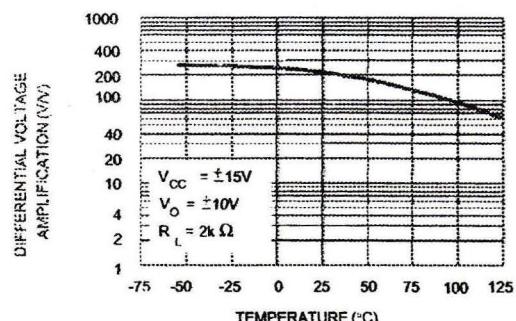
**MAXIMUM PEAK-TO-PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE VERSUS SUPPLY VOLTAGE**



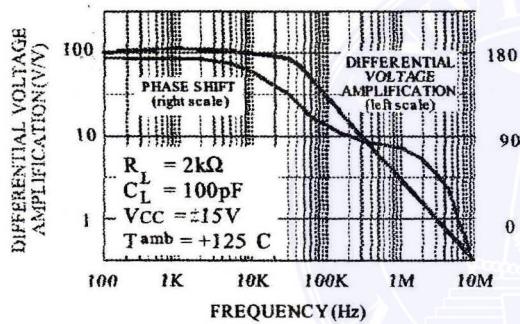
**INPUT BIAS CURRENT VERSUS  
FREE AIR TEMPERATURE**



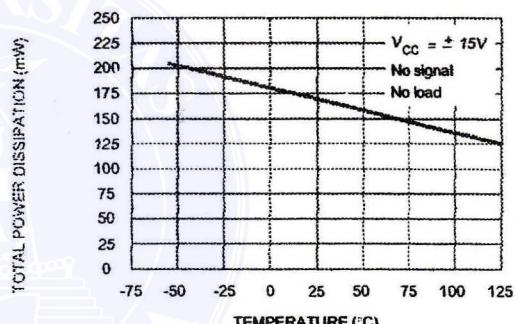
**LARGE SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL  
VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION VERSUS  
FREE AIR TEMPERATURE**



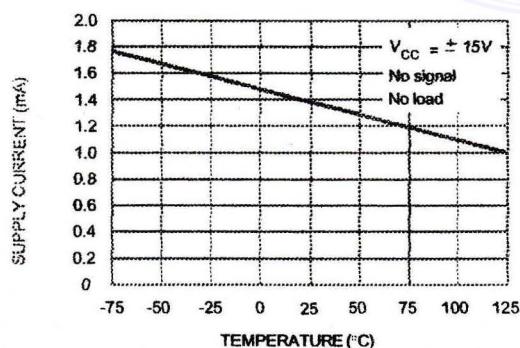
**LARGE SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL  
VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION AND PHASE  
SHIFT VERSUS FREQUENCY**



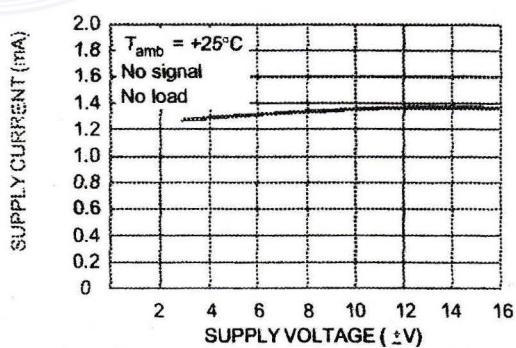
**TOTAL POWER DISSIPATION VERSUS  
FREE AIR TEMPERATURE**



**SUPPLY CURRENT PER AMPLIFIER  
VERSUS FREE AIR TEMPERATURE**



**SUPPLY CURRENT PER AMPLIFIER  
VERSUS SUPPLY VOLTAGE**



### Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

Supply Voltage	60V	Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 seconds)	260°C
Input Voltage	$-V_{EE}$ to $V_{CC}$	$\theta_{JC}$	3°C
Storage Temperature	-65°C to + 150°C	$\theta_{JA}$	73°C
Junction Temperature	150°C		

### Electrical Characteristics

$V_{CC} = +25V$ ,  $-V_{EE} = -25V$ ,  $T_{AMBIENT} = 25^\circ C$ ,  $R_L = 8\Omega$ ,  $A_v = 20$  (26 dB),  $f_o = 1$  kHz, unless otherwise specified.

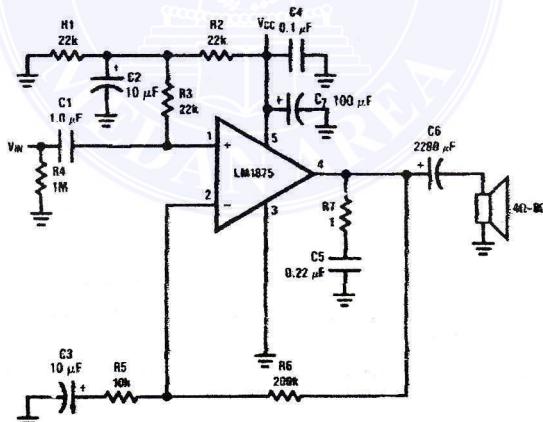
Parameter	Conditions	Typical	Tested Limits	Units
Supply Current	$P_{OUT} = 0W$	70	100	mA
Output Power (Note 2)	THD=1%	25		W
THD (Note 2)	$P_{OUT} = 20W$ , $f_o = 1$ kHz $P_{OUT} = 20W$ , $f_o = 20$ kHz $P_{OUT} = 20W$ , $R_L = 4\Omega$ , $f_o = 1$ kHz $P_{OUT} = 20W$ , $R_L = 4\Omega$ , $f_o = 20$ kHz	0.015 0.05 0.022 0.07	0.4 0.6	%
Offset Voltage		±1	±15	mV
Input Bias Current		±0.2	±2	µA
Input Offset Current		0	±0.5	µA
Gain-Bandwidth Product	$f_o = 20$ kHz	5.5		MHz
Open Loop Gain	DC	90		dB
PSRR	$V_{CC}$ , 1 kHz, 1 Vrms $V_{EE}$ , 1 kHz, 1 Vrms	95 83	52 52	dB
Max Slew Rate	20W, 8Ω, 70 kHz BW	8		V/µs
Current Limit	$V_{OUT} = V_{SUPPLY} - 10V$	4	3	A
Equivalent Input Noise Voltage	$R_S = 600\Omega$ , CCIR	3		µVRMS

Note 1: "Absolute Maximum Ratings" indicate limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. Operating Ratings indicate conditions for which the device is functional, but do not guarantee specific performance limits.

Note 2: Assumes the use of a heat sink having a thermal resistance of 1°C/W and no insulator with an ambient temperature of 25°C. Because the output limiting circuitry has a negative temperature coefficient, the maximum output power delivered to a 4Ω load may be slightly reduced when the tab temperature exceeds 55°C.

### Typical Applications

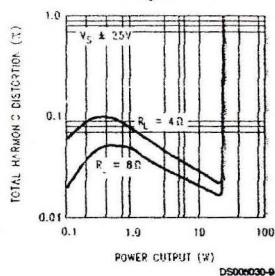
Typical Single Supply Operation



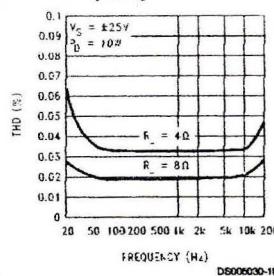
DS006030-3

## Typical Performance Characteristics

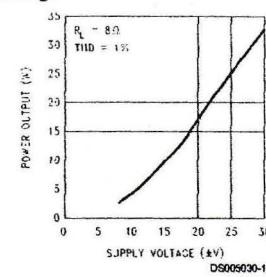
**THD vs Power Output**



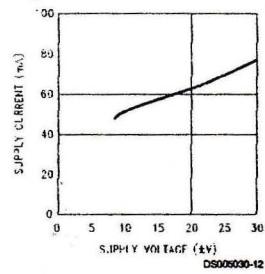
**THD vs Frequency**



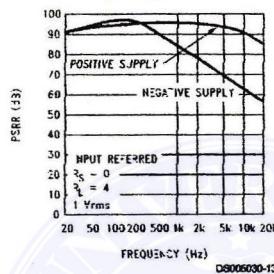
**Power Output vs Supply Voltage**



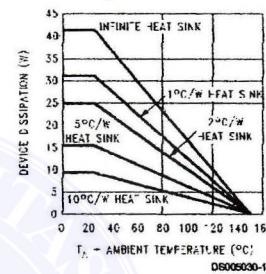
**Supply Current vs Supply Voltage**



**PSRR vs Frequency**

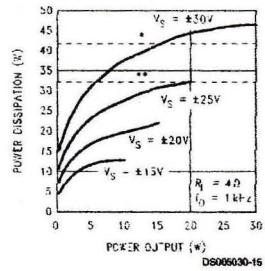


**Device Dissipation vs Ambient Temperature†**

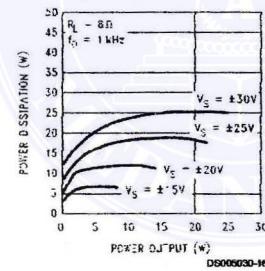


† $\phi_{INTERFACE} = 1^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$ .  
See Application Hints.

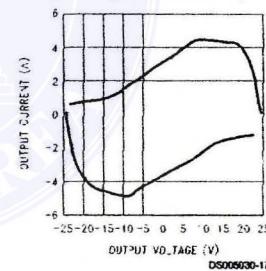
**Power Dissipation vs Power Output**



**Power Dissipation vs Power Output**



**I<sub>OUT</sub> vs V<sub>OUT</sub>-Current Limit/Safe Operating Area Boundary**



## Absolute Maximum Ratings

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

Input Voltage ( $V_O = 5V, 12V$ and $15V$ )	35V	Maximum Junction Temperature (K Package)	150°C
Internal Power Dissipation (Note 1)	Internally Limited	(T Package)	150°C
Operating Temperature Range ( $T_A$ )	0°C to +70°C	Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +150°C

## Electrical Characteristics LM78XXC (Note 2) 0°C ≤ $T_j$ ≤ 125°C unless otherwise noted.

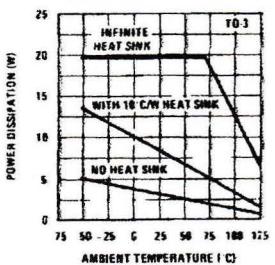
Output Voltage			5V			12V			15V			Units	
Input Voltage (unless otherwise noted)			10V			19V			23V				
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max		
$V_O$	Output Voltage	$T_j = 25^\circ C, 5 \text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 1\text{A}$	4.8	5	5.2	11.5	12	12.5	14.4	15	15.6	V	
		$P_D \leq 15\text{W}, 5 \text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 1\text{A}$ $V_{MIN} \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{MAX}$	4.75	5.25	11.4 (7.5 ≤ $V_{IN}$ ≤ 20)	12.6 (14.5 ≤ $V_{IN}$ ≤ 27)	14.25	15.75	15.75	17.5 (17.5 ≤ $V_{IN}$ ≤ 30)	17.5 (17.5 ≤ $V_{IN}$ ≤ 30)	V	
$\Delta V_O$	Line Regulation	$I_O = 500 \text{ mA}$ $T_j = 25^\circ C$ $\Delta V_{IN}$	3	50	4	120	4	150	4	150	mV	V	
		$0^\circ C \leq T_j \leq +125^\circ C$ $\Delta V_{IN}$	50	120	120	120	120	120	150	150	mV	V	
		$I_O \leq 1\text{A}$ $T_j = 25^\circ C$ $\Delta V_{IN}$	50	120	120	120	120	120	150	150	mV	V	
		$0^\circ C \leq T_j \leq +125^\circ C$ $\Delta V_{IN}$	25	60	60	60	60	60	75	75	mV	V	
$\Delta V_O$	Load Regulation	$T_j = 25^\circ C$ $5 \text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 1.5\text{A}$ $250 \text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 750 \text{ mA}$	10	50	12	120	12	150	12	150	mV	mV	
		$5 \text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 1\text{A}, 0^\circ C \leq T_j \leq +125^\circ C$	50	50	120	120	120	120	150	150	mV	mV	
$I_Q$	Quiescent Current	$I_O \leq 1\text{A}$ $T_j = 25^\circ C$ $0^\circ C \leq T_j \leq +125^\circ C$	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	mA	mA	
$\Delta I_Q$	Quiescent Current Change	$5 \text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 1\text{A}$	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	mA	mA	
		$T_j = 25^\circ C, I_O \leq 1\text{A}$ $V_{MIN} \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{MAX}$	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	mA	V	
		$I_O \leq 500 \text{ mA}, 0^\circ C \leq T_j \leq +125^\circ C$ $V_{MIN} \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{MAX}$	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	mA	V	
$V_N$	Output Noise Voltage	$T_A = 25^\circ C, 10 \text{ Hz} \leq f \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$	40	75	90	90	90	90	90	90	μV	μV	
$\frac{\Delta V_{IN}}{\Delta V_{OUT}}$	Ripple Rejection	$I_O \leq 1\text{A}, T_j = 25^\circ C$ or $f = 120 \text{ Hz}$ $I_O \leq 500 \text{ mA}$ $0^\circ C \leq T_j \leq +125^\circ C$ $V_{MIN} \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{MAX}$	62	80	55	72	54	70	54	70	dB	dB	
		$I_O \leq 500 \text{ mA}$ $0^\circ C \leq T_j \leq +125^\circ C$ $V_{MIN} \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{MAX}$	62	55	55	55	54	54	54	54	dB	dB	
$R_O$	Dropout Voltage	$T_j = 25^\circ C, I_{OUT} = 1\text{A}$	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	V	V	
	Output Resistance	$f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	8	8	18	18	19	19	19	19	mΩ	mΩ	
	Short-Circuit Current	$T_j = 25^\circ C$	2.1	2.1	1.5	1.5	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	A	A	
	Peak Output Current	$T_j = 25^\circ C$	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	A	A	
	Average TC of $V_{OUT}$	$0^\circ C \leq T_j \leq +125^\circ C, I_O = 5 \text{ mA}$	0.6	0.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	mV/°C	mV/°C	
$V_{IN}$	Input Voltage	$T_j = 25^\circ C, I_O \leq 1\text{A}$	7.5	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	14.6	17.7	17.7	V	V	
	Required to Maintain Line Regulation												

Note 1: Thermal resistance of the TO-3 package (K, KC) is typically 4°C/W junction to case and 35°C/W case to ambient. Thermal resistance of the TO-220 package (T) is typically 4°C/W junction to case and 50°C/W case to ambient.

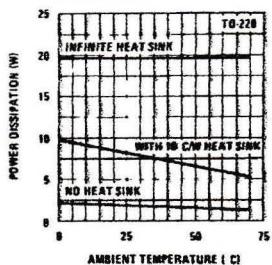
Note 2: All characteristics are measured with capacitor across the input of 0.22 μF, and a capacitor across the output of 0.1 μF. All characteristics except noise voltage and ripple rejection ratio are measured using pulse techniques ( $t_w \leq 10 \text{ ms}$ , duty cycle  $\leq 5\%$ ). Output voltage changes due to changes in internal temperature must be taken into account separately.

## Typical Performance Characteristics

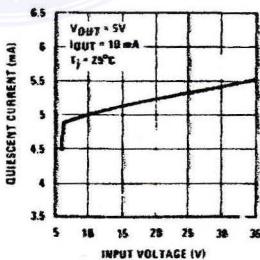
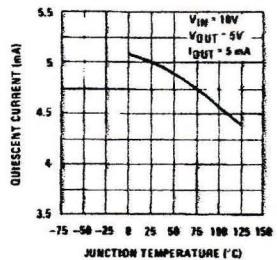
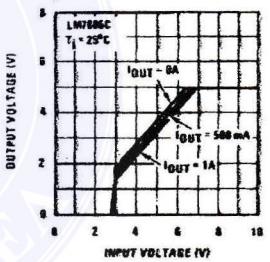
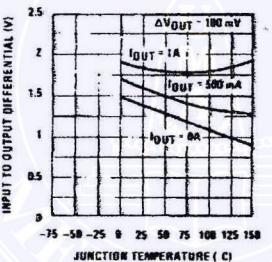
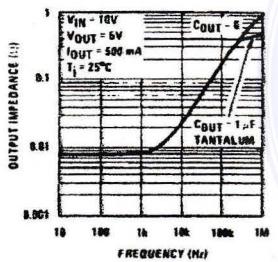
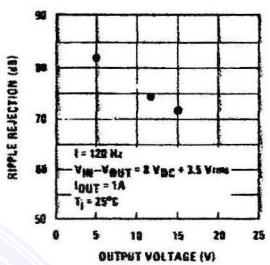
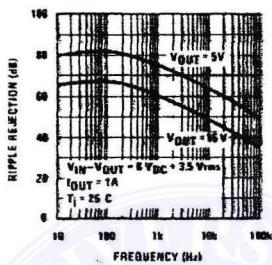
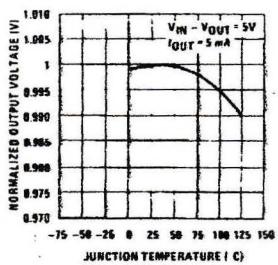
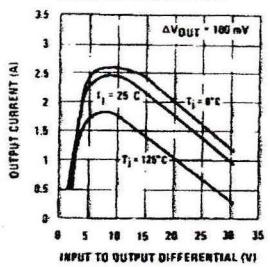
**Maximum Average Power Dissipation**



**Maximum Average Power Dissipation**



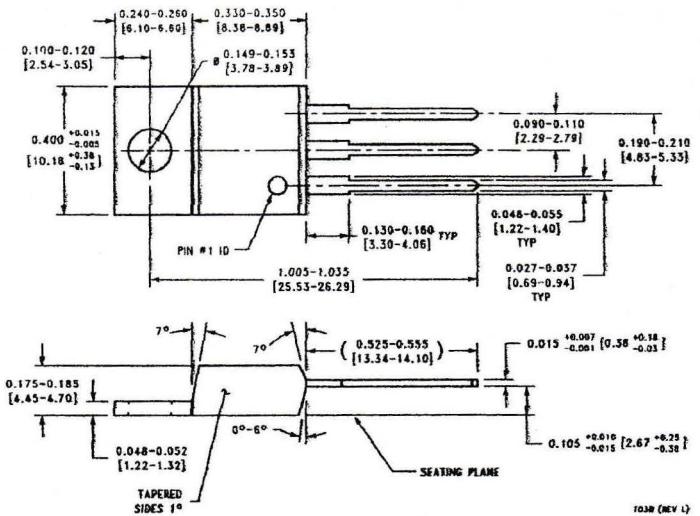
**Peak Output Current**



TL/H/7746-4

## LM78XX Series Voltage Regulators

### Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) (Continued)



**TO-220 Package (T)**  
**Order Number LM7805CT, LM7812CT or LM7815CT**  
**NS Package Number T03B**

T03B (REV. L)

### LIFE SUPPORT POLICY

NATIONAL'S PRODUCTS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED FOR USE AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS WITHOUT THE EXPRESS WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE PRESIDENT OF NATIONAL SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION. As used herein:

1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, and whose failure to perform, when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury to the user.
2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

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