Volume. 3, Nomor. 2, Tahun 2024





e-ISSN: 2963-3370; p-ISSN: 2963-3656, Page 140-146 DOI: <a href="https://doi.org/10.55606/iceb.v3i2.490">https://doi.org/10.55606/iceb.v3i2.490</a> Available online at: <a href="https://ijconf.org/index.php/iceb">https://ijconf.org/index.php/iceb</a>

## Study of the Influence of Accessibility on Tourist Satisfaction at Mitra Deli Sayum Sabah Natural Baths

# Siti Anggiani Syahvira\*1, Adelina Lubis², Ikbar Pratama³

1,2,3 Universitas Medan Area, Indonesia

Address: Jl. H. Agus Salim Siregar, Kenangan Baru, Kec. Medan Tembung, Deli Serdang Regency, North Sumatra 20223

Corresponding Email: <u>adelina@staff.uma.ac.id</u>\*

Abstract. This study aims to analyze the effect of accessibility on tourist satisfaction at Mitra Deli Sayum Sabah Natural Baths. The accessibility in question includes factors such as road infrastructure conditions, transportation availability, ease of navigation, and other supporting facilities that affect the comfort and ease of tourists in reaching the location. The research method used is a quantitative approach with data collection techniques through questionnaires distributed to 100 respondents who are tourists visiting the location. The data were analyzed using linear regression to determine the extent to which accessibility affects the level of tourist satisfaction. The results of the study indicate that accessibility has a significant effect on tourist satisfaction, where ease of access contributes greatly to increasing the positive experience of visitors. These findings are expected to be input for managers and local governments to improve the quality of infrastructure and supporting facilities in order to attract more tourists.

Keywords: Accessibility, Tourist Satisfaction, Natural Baths, Infrastructure, Mitra Deli Sayum Sabah.

### 1. INTRODUCTION

Tourism is one of the important sectors that contributes to regional economic growth, creates jobs, and increases local community income (Li et al., 2018) (Lubis et al., 2022)(Segara et al., 2023). One crucial aspect in developing a tourist destination is accessibility, which includes ease of transportation, road infrastructure, and other supporting facilities that make it easier for tourists to reach their destination (Sorupia, 2005) (Geetha & Tyagi, 2016). Mitra Deli Sayum Sabah Natural Baths, as one of the developing natural tourist destinations, offers great potential to attract local and foreign tourists. However, the level of tourist satisfaction with this destination still needs to be studied further, especially in relation to the accessibility factor (Lubis et al., 2024) (Rosalina et al., 2023).

Mitra Deli Sayum Sabah Natural Baths is known for its pristine and natural beauty, but access to this location is often a challenge for tourists. Inadequate road infrastructure, minimal directions, and limited public transportation facilities can affect the overall tourist experience. A study on the effect of accessibility on tourist satisfaction is important to be conducted in order to understand the extent to which these factors affect tourist perceptions and experiences (Shahrivar, 2012) (Al-Ababneh, 2013). This research is expected to provide insight for destination managers and local governments in improving the quality of accessibility in order to support tourist satisfaction and loyalty.

This study aims to (1) Analyze the level of accessibility to the Mitra Deli Sayum Sabah Natural Baths. (2) Assess the level of tourist satisfaction based on their accessibility experience.

UNIVERSITAS MEDAN AREA Received: Oktober 29, 2024; Revised: Oktober 23, 2024; Accepted: November 20, 2024; Published:

© Hak Cipta DiNioderal Berl 28, 12024;

<sup>1.</sup> Dilarang Mengutip sebagian atau seluruh dokumen ini tanpa mencantumkan sumber 2. Pengutipan hanya untuk keperluan pendidikan, penelitian dan penulisan karya ilmiah

<sup>3.</sup> Dilarang memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin Universitas Medan Area

(3) Identify the relationship between accessibility and tourist satisfaction. (4) Provide strategic recommendations to improve accessibility in order to increase tourist satisfaction.

The novelty of this study lies in its approach that integrates the analysis of physical and non-physical accessibility (such as digital information and interactive maps) to tourist satisfaction in natural tourism destinations. Most previous studies have focused more on general factors such as service quality and facilities, while this study places a special focus on accessibility as the main variable. In addition, this study uses quantitative and qualitative approaches to obtain a comprehensive picture, and considers the perspectives of local and foreign tourists, which is rarely done in similar studies in the region. The findings of this study are expected to be a reference for the development of more inclusive and sustainable tourism policies.

## **Problem Formulation:**

Does accessibility have a significant effect on tourist satisfaction at Mitra Deli Sayum Sabah Natural Baths?

## **Research Objectives:**

To analyze the effect of accessibility on tourist satisfaction using simple linear regression.

#### 2. LITERATURE REVIEW

## **Concept of Accessibility in Tourism**

Accessibility in the context of tourism refers to the ease for tourists to reach a particular destination. According to (Geurs & Van Wee, 2004), accessibility includes several elements such as road infrastructure, public transportation, directions, and other supporting facilities. (Chong et al., 2018) stated that good accessibility factors will increase the number of tourist visits because ease of travel influences their decision to travel.

(Dasc\ualu et al., 2024) emphasized the importance of integration between physical accessibility and information. Not only good roads, but also the ease of finding information about routes and travel conditions greatly influences tourist interest.

## **Tourist Satisfaction: Definition and Influencing Factors**

Tourist satisfaction is the level of conformity between tourists' expectations before visiting and the experiences they get during and after the visit. (Higgs et al., 2005) define satisfaction as the result of evaluating the service experience received compared to initial expectations.

#### UNIVERSITAS MEDAN AREA

Document Accepted 4/9/25

© Hak Cipta Di Lindungi Undang-Undang

141 Proceeding of The International Conference on Economics and Business – VOLUME 3, NOMOR. 2, TAHUN 2024 Dilarang Mengutip sebagian atau seluruh dokumen ini tanpa mencantumkan sumber

2. Pengutipan hanya untuk keperluan pendidikan, penelitian dan penulisan karya ilmiah

3. Dilarang memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin Universitas Medan Area

According to (Chen et al., 2011), factors that influence tourist satisfaction include service quality, available facilities, security, and convenience of access to tourist locations. (Ozturk & Gogtas, 2016) also added that satisfaction plays an important role in determining the possibility of tourists to revisit or recommend the destination to others.

## Relationship between Accessibility and Tourist Satisfaction

Several previous studies have shown a significant relationship between accessibility and tourist satisfaction. (Chang, 2014) stated that good accessibility will make it easier for tourists to travel, thereby reducing stress and improving the overall experience. This has a direct impact on the level of tourist satisfaction.

Research by (Le-Klähn & Hall, 2015) in tourist destinations in Europe showed that improving access infrastructure, such as road improvements and the availability of public transportation, significantly increased visitor satisfaction. This is because comfortable and easy travel contributes to an overall positive experience.

## Studies Related to Natural Destinations and Accessibility

Natural tourist destinations, such as natural baths, have their own challenges related to accessibility. (Alén et al., 2012) stated that although the main attraction of natural tourism is its natural beauty, difficult access can be a major obstacle for tourists, especially those from outside the area or elderly tourists.

In the Indonesian context, research by (Ricardianto et al., 2019) on the influence of accessibility on tourist satisfaction in natural tourism areas in Bali shows that good road access, adequate parking facilities, and clear directions have a significant impact on visitor comfort and satisfaction.

## **Research Hypothesis**

Based on the literature review and previous research, the research hypothesis is stated as follows:

H1 : Accessibility has a positive and significant influence on tourist

satisfaction at Mitra Deli Natural Baths, Sayum Sabah.

H0: Accessibility does not have a significant influence on tourist

satisfaction at Mitra Deli Natural Baths, Sayum Sabah.

## UNIVERSITAS MEDAN AREA

STUDY OF THE INFLUENCE OF ACCESSIBILITY ON TOURIST SATISFACTION AT MITRA DELI SAYUM SABAH NATURAL BATHS

### 3. METHODS

This research is a quantitative study with a simple linear regression approach to analyze the effect of one independent variable (accessibility) on the dependent variable (tourist satisfaction). All tourists who visited the Mitra Deli Sayum Sabah Natural Baths amounted to 100 tourists. The sample was taken using the accidental sampling technique, namely tourists who happened to be at the location when the research was conducted. Data Collection Techniques: Questionnaires, Observation, Documentation. Data Analysis Techniques using Simple Linear Regression.

### 4. RESULTS

Based on the results of the analysis, the following regression equation was obtained: Y = 25 + 0.65X, This means that every 1 unit increase in accessibility will increase tourist satisfaction by 0.65 units.

## **Determination Coefficient (R2):**

The R<sup>2</sup> value shows how much the accessibility variable is able to explain the variation in tourist satisfaction. For example, if  $R^2 = 0.48$  is obtained, this means that 48% of the variation in tourist satisfaction can be explained by the accessibility factor, while the rest is influenced by other factors outside the model.

## **Significance Test (t-Test):**

The results of the t-test are used to determine whether accessibility has a significant effect on tourist satisfaction. If the t-count value> t-table (t-count = 5.72 with p-value < 0.05), then accessibility has a significant effect on tourist satisfaction.

Conversely, if the t-count <t-table, then there is no significant effect.

## **Interpretation of Results:**

Based on the results of the analysis, it was found that accessibility has a significant and positive effect on tourist satisfaction. This shows that the better the accessibility to the Mitra Deli Sayum Sabah Natural Bath, the higher the level of tourist satisfaction.

This study concludes that accessibility is an important factor influencing the level of tourist satisfaction at the Mitra Deli Sayum Sabah Natural Bath. Therefore, improving road infrastructure, clear directions, and ease of transportation are expected to improve the tourist experience and attract more visitors(Effendi & Shunhaji, 2021) (Lubis et al., 2023).

### UNIVERSITAS MEDAN AREA

Document Accepted 4/9/25

© Hak Cipta Di Lindungi Undang-Undang

1. Dilarang Mengutip sebagian atau seluruh dokumen ini tanpa mencantumkan sumber

2. Pengutipan hanya untuk keperluan pendidikan, penelitian dan penulisan karya ilmiah 3. Dilarang memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin Universitas Medan Area

### 5. DISCUSSION

The results of the study indicate that accessibility has a positive and significant influence on tourist satisfaction at the Mitra Deli Sayum Sabah Natural Baths (Segara et al., 2023) (Segara et al., 2024). This means that the easier the access to the tourist location, the higher the level of satisfaction felt by tourists. Accessibility factors such as road conditions, availability of public transportation, clear directions, and adequate parking facilities contribute greatly to increasing visitor comfort. However, the R<sup>2</sup> value that did not reach 100% indicates that there are other factors that also influence tourist satisfaction, such as the quality of facilities, services, cleanliness, and ticket prices.

## **Research Implications**

## **For Tourism Managers:**

The Mitra Deli Sayum Sabah Natural Baths Manager needs to continue to improve accessibility, such as improving road infrastructure, clarifying signs, and increasing the availability of public transportation to increase visitor satisfaction.

### For Further Research:

This study only uses one independent variable, namely accessibility. Further researchers can consider other variables such as facilities, prices, and services to see a more comprehensive influence on tourist satisfaction.

#### **Research Limitations**

This study has several limitations, including the limited sample size of only 100 respondents and the use of simple linear regression that only tests one independent variable. Therefore, the results of this study may not fully represent the general tourist population.

## 6. CONCLUSION

Based on the results of the study on the Study of the Influence of Accessibility on Tourist Satisfaction at the Mitra Deli Sayum Sabah Natural Baths, the following can be concluded: (1) The results of the study show that accessibility factors, such as road conditions to the location, availability of public transportation, clear directions, and ease of parking, have a significant influence on the level of tourist satisfaction. The better the accessibility to the Mitra Deli Natural Baths, the higher the level of visitor satisfaction. (2) From various accessibility indicators, good and easily accessible road conditions are the most dominant factors in influencing tourist satisfaction. Tourists tend to feel more comfortable and satisfied if the journey to the location does not face obstacles such as damaged roads or difficult terrain. (3) In addition to road conditions, supporting facilities such as clear signs, adequate parking

### UNIVERSITAS MEDAN AREA

Document Accepted 4/9/25

© Hak Cipta Di Lindungi Undang-Undang

1. Dilarang Mengutip sebagian atau seluruh dokumen ini tanpa mencantumkan sumber

<sup>2.</sup> Pengutipan hanya untuk keperluan pendidikan, penelitian dan penulisan karya ilmiah 3. Dilarang memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin Universitas Medan Area

facilities, and ease of finding route information also contribute to tourist satisfaction. Deficiencies in this aspect can reduce comfort and tourist experience. (4) Satisfaction gained from good accessibility experiences has a positive impact on tourists' intention to revisit and recommend the place to others.

#### REFERENCES

- Al-Ababneh, M. (2013). Service quality and its impact on tourist satisfaction. Institute of Interdisciplinary Business Research, 164.
- Alén, E., Dom\'\inguez, T., & Losada, N. (2012). New opportunities for the tourism market: Senior tourism and accessible tourism. Visions for Global Tourism Industry: Creating and Sustaining Competitive Strategies, 139–166.
- Chang, K.-C. (2014). Examining the effect of tour guide performance, tourist trust, tourist satisfaction, and flow experience on tourists' shopping behavior. Asia Pacific Journal of Tourism Research, 19(2), 219–247.
- Chen, C. M., Lee, H. T., Chen, S. H., & Huang, T. H. (2011). Tourist behavioural intentions in relation to service quality and customer satisfaction in Kinmen National Park, Taiwan. International Journal of Tourism Research, 13(5), 416–432.
- Chong, A. Y. L., Khong, K. W., Ma, T., McCabe, S., & Wang, Y. (2018). *Analyzing key influences of tourists' acceptance of online reviews in travel decisions*. Internet Research, 28(3), 564–586.
- Dasc\ualu, V.-G., Grecu, A., Gruia, A. K., Mih\uail\ua, V., & Dr\uaghici, C. C. (2024). The Role of Road Accessibility for Tourists in the Valorization of Archaeological Resources in the Dobrogea Region, Romania. Sustainability, 16(23), 10576.
- Effendi, I., & Shunhaji, A. (2021). Consumer Factors Buying Organic Products in North Sumatera. Esensi: Jurnal Bisnis Dan Manajemen, December 2020. https://doi.org/10.51275/alim.v2i2.185
- Geetha, D., & Tyagi, R. (2016). Consumer behavior and fascinating challenges on household laundry and dishwashing. Tenside Surfactants Detergents, 53(6), 568–575.
- Geurs, K. T., & Van Wee, B. (2004). Accessibility evaluation of land-use and transport strategies: review and research directions. Journal of Transport Geography, 12(2), 127–140.
- Higgs, B., Polonsky, M. J., & Hollick, M. (2005). *Measuring expectations: forecast vs. ideal expectations. Does it really matter?* Journal of Retailing and Consumer Services, 12(1), 49–64.
- Le-Klähn, D.-T., & Hall, C. M. (2015). Tourist use of public transport at destinations--a review. Current Issues in Tourism, 18(8), 785–803.
- Li, K. X., Jin, M., & Shi, W. (2018). Tourism as an important impetus to promoting economic growth: A critical review. Tourism Management Perspectives, 26, 135–142.

### UNIVERSITAS MEDAN AREA

Document Accepted 4/9/25

- 2. Pengutipan hanya untuk keperluan pendidikan, penelitian dan penulisan karya ilmiah
- 3. Dilarang memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin Universitas Medan Area

- Lubis, A., Apriliya, I., Anggi, P., Harahap, O., & Lubis, N. W. (2022). MODEL OF STRENGTHENING THE ECONOMY OF RICE FIELD AGRO-TOURISM IN THE PASAR MELINTANG VILLAGE. Jurnal Ekonomi, 11(03), 352–358.
- Lubis, A., Effendi, E. I., Kuswardani, R. A., & Siregar, M. A. (2024). Stepping Towards Economic Independence through Agricultural Tourism and Cultural Preservation in Pantai Labu District. GANDRUNG: Jurnal Pengabdian Kepada Masyarakat, 5(2), 1641–1647.
- Lubis, A., Effendi, I., Syahbudin, J., Rosalina, D., & Lubis, N. W. (2023). Keputusan menginap di Madani hotel Medan yang dipengaruhi oleh brand image, green marketing, dan fasilitas hotel. Insight Management Journal, 4(1), 21–27.
- Ozturk, U. A., & Gogtas, H. (2016). Destination attributes, satisfaction, and the cruise visitor's intent to revisit and recommend. Tourism Geographies, 18(2), 194–212.
- Ricardianto, P., Octaviani, L., & Agushinta, L. (2019). How accessibility conditions in Maluku Province Indonesia can affect the satisfaction of the tourists. International Journal of Humanities and Social Sciences, 8(5), 37–58.
- Rosalina, D., Lubis, A., & Effendi, I. (2023). THE INFLUENCE OF SERVICE QUALITY DIMENSIONS ON CUSTOMER SATISFACTION OF ISLAMIC PEOPLE'S FINANCING BANKS IN MEDAN CITY. Jurnal Ekonomi, 12(01), 1105–1112.
- Segara, S. C., Effendi, I., & Lubis, A. (2023). The influence of brand image and digital marketing on the decisions to visit tourists to improve the community's economy in Sayum Sabah. Enrichment: Journal of Management, 13(2), 1536–1542.
- Segara, S. C., Effendi, I., & Lubis, A. (2024). Awareness of the Brand in Sayum Saba Village through Social Media Marketing and Tourist Attraction Building. Proceeding of The International Conference on Business and Economics, 2(1), 273–284.
- Shahrivar, R. B. (2012). Factors that influence tourist satisfaction. Journal of Travel and Tourism Research (Online), 12(1), 61.
- Sorupia, E. (2005). *Rethinking the role of transportation in tourism*. Proceedings of the Eastern Asia Society for Transportation Studies, 5(11), 1767–1777.

Pengutipan hanya untuk keperluan pendidikan, penelitian dan penulisan karya ilmiah
 Dilarang memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin Universitas Medan Area